IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC.

Non-consolidated Financial Statements For the year ended December 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of IDE International Development Enterprises Association Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the non-consolidated financial statements of IDE International Development Enterprises Association Inc. (the "organization"), which comprise the non-consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the non-consolidated statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the non-consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the non-consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the non-consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of non-consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the non-consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the non-consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the non-consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the non-consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the non-consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Winnipeg, Manitoba May 10, 2023

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Non-consolidated Statement of Financial Position

December 31	2022	2021
Assets		
Current Assets Cash and bank Accounts receivable Due from related parties (Note 9) Project advances (Note 4) Prepaid expenses	\$ 4,000,200 106,240 27,218 675,396 1,688 4,810,742	\$ 2,024,401 49,827 201,640 133,960 - 2,409,828
Investment in iDEal Technologias y Compania Lta. (Note 3)	1	1
	\$ 4,810,743	\$ 2,409,829
Liabilities and Net Assets Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to related parties (Note 9) Deferred revenue (Note 6)	\$ 58,624 262,214 2,749,457	\$ 64,585 511,645 414,276
	3,070,295	990,506
Net Assets Board reserves RUSHING fund HTTG fund Nepal fund Polak fund Leverage fund Operating reserve Unrestricted surplus	 146,832 313,803 - 520,000 221,460 364,262 174,091 1,740,448 4,810,743	\$ 67,398 24,634 100,000 28,420 352,955 845,916 1,419,323 2,409,829

Approved by the Board:

_____ Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these non-consolidated financial statements.

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Non-consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	 RUSHING Fund	HTTG Fund	Nepal Fund	Polak Fund	Leverage Fund	Operating Reserve	U	nrestricted Surplus	Total
Balance, December 31, 2020	\$ 41,148	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,420	\$ 337,988	\$	751,704	\$ 1,159,260
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	-	-	(72,966)	-	-	1,321		331,708	260,063
Transfers	 26,250	-	97,600	100,000	-	13,646		(237,496)	-
Balance, December 31, 2021	67,398	-	24,634	100,000	28,420	352,955		845,916	1,419,323
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	79,434	313,803	(29,007)	420,000	-	11,307		(474,412)	321,125
Transfers	 -	-	4,373	-	193,040	-		(197,413)	-
Balance, December 31, 2022	\$ 146,832	\$ 313,803	\$ -	\$ 520,000	\$ 221,460	\$ 364,262	\$	174,091	\$ 1,740,448

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Non-consolidated Statement of Operations

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Revenue Donations Government grants (Page 16) Interest and other Program services	\$ 1,358,306 2,418,251 52,316 29,664	\$ 1,249,259 1,439,905 66,065 -
Expenses International programs (Page 16) Fundraising General and administrative expenses Public engagement and education	 3,858,537 3,159,550 216,704 118,175 42,983	2,755,229 2,215,827 140,250 118,603 20,486
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 3,537,412 321,125	\$ 2,495,166 260,063
Apportioned to the following funds: RUSHING fund HTTG fund Nepal fund Polak fund Reserve fund Unrestricted surplus	\$ 79,434 313,803 (29,007) 420,000 11,307 (474,412)	\$ (72,966) 1,321 331,708
	\$ 321,125	\$ 260,063

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Non-consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Cash flows provided by (used in):		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Excess of revenue over expenses Net change in non-cash working capital	\$ 321,125 \$	260,063
Accounts receivable	(56,413)	(29,748)
Due from related parties	174,422	(10,504)
Project advances	(541,436)	12,926
Prepaid expenses	(1,688)	3,500
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(5,961)	40,020
Deferred revenue	 2,335,181	(29,636)
	 2,225,230	246,621
Cook Flows from Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Advances to related parties	 (249,431)	341,974
Increase in cash and bank	1,975,799	588,595
Cash and bank, beginning of year	 2,024,401	1,435,806
Cash and bank, end of year	\$ 4,000,200 \$	2,024,401

For the year ended December 31, 2022

1. Nature of Operations

IDE International Development Enterprises Association Inc. is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act.

The organization is the Canadian arm of IDE. As part of IDE's global operations, the organization is responsible for the development and oversight of specific projects implemented through IDE field offices. IDE's consolidated global operations are reported on separately and only its Canadian operations are reflected in these non-consolidated financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The non-consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Revenue Recognition

The organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Revenue, primarily grant revenue, which contains conditions to its use, is deferred until the conditions are fulfilled. Donation revenue is recorded when received. Donation revenue received for specific campaigns is unrestricted and will be used at the discretion of the board. The Board's practice is to allocate these funds as per the donor's request. If response to an appeal exceeds the amount needed for the designated project or if a project cannot be completed, the excess or remaining funds will be used where most needed.

Investments

On February 20, 2018, the organization acquired 99% ownership from iDE Global, the ownership of iDEal Technologies y Compania Lta., a Nicaraguan corporation.

The organization's investment in iDEal Technologies y Compania Lta., a Nicaraguan private corporation, subject to control, is accounted for by the cost method.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Investments (continued)

The cost method is a basis of accounting for investments whereby the investment is initially recorded at cost and earnings from such investments are recognized only to the extent received or receivable. When there is an indication of impairment, the organization determines whether a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows from the investment. If the organization identifies a significant adverse change, the carrying amount of the investment is reduced directly to the higher of the present value of the cash flows expected to be generated by holding the investment, and the amount that could be realized by selling the asset at the balance sheet date. The amount of the reduction is recognized as an impairment loss in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of improvement, provided the adjusted carrying amount of the investment is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income in the period the reversal occurs.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

Computer equipment

5 year straight-line

Operating Reserve

This reserve fund was established by the Board of Directors to provide continuity of operations in the event of future shortfalls in revenue over expenses.

RUSHING Fund

This fund was set up to show donations designated but not yet disbursed to support IDE's sanitation marketing work in Ghana.

Her Time To Grow (HTTG) Fund

The Her Time to Grow Fund was set up to manage donations toward Her Time to Grow - a four-year project, focused on women's economic empowerment in agriculture in Ethiopia, Ghana and Zambia, funded by Global Affairs Canada. iDE Canada needs to raise \$780,000 as a match for the Global Affairs Canada contribution of \$7.8M. The fund holds donations designated toward the project. Matching funds are drawn out of the fund as they are spent on the project.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Nepal Fund

This fund was set up to show donations designated but not yet disbursed to support IDE's work in Nepal.

Polak Fund

This fund was set up to show donations designated but not yet disbursed to support strategic research or processes that would provide new opportunities in IDE's existing programming.

Leverage Fund

This internally restricted fund supports projects that match fund resources with matching grant or investment money. The fund provides strategic investments in projects that mobilize significant additional resources, which may be in a variety of forms, including government grants or subsidies, financing or private investment. Management proposes fund investments for approval by the Board of Directors.

Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency accounts are translated into Canadian dollars as follows:

At the transaction date, each asset, liability, revenue and expense is translated into Canadian dollars by the use of the exchange rate in effect at that date. At the year end date, monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars by using the exchange rate in effect at that date. The resulting foreign exchange gains and losses are included in income in the current period.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets in actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs are the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of non-consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the non-consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

3. Investment

On February 20, 2018, the organization acquired from iDE Global, 99% of iDEal Technologies y Compania Lta., a Nicaraguan corporation. This corporation provides irrigation equipment for the agricultural and industrial industries and agro industrial consulting services throughout Nicaragua. Subsequent to the purchase of iDEal Technologias y Compania Lta., the organization decided to write down the investment to \$1 due to operating losses by iDEal Technologias y Compania Lta. The write down amount was \$205,792.

4. Project Advances

The following table summarizes the organization's project advances for the year:

	 2022	2021
RUSHING HTTG	\$ 98,416 576,980	\$ 133,960 -
	\$ 675,396	\$ 133,960

For the year ended December 31, 2022

5. Capital Assets

Capital Assets		2022		2021
	 Cost	 cumulated nortization	Cost	 ccumulated
Computer equipment and software	\$ 14,326	\$ 14,326	\$ 14,326	\$ 14,326
Net book value		\$ -		\$ -

6. Deferred Revenue

Deferred contributions include designated government grants and contributions that remain unspent to December 31, 2022, as set out in the following table:

	 Opening		pening Accrued Recognized		Closing		
Global Affairs Canada Rushing HTTG	\$ 344,276 -	\$	2,663,754 1,952,854	\$	(1,438,031) (773,396)	\$	1,569,999 1,179,458
Contributions Polak Fund	 70,000		40,751		(110,751)		-
	\$ 414,276	\$	4,657,359	\$	(2,322,178)	\$	2,749,457

Deferred contributions recognized as revenue are included in the designated government grants on the statement of operations.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

7. International Programs

In 2022, international programs consisted primarily of:

- The development of private extension services, improved access to farm inputs and supporting the introduction of high value crops to smallholder farmers in Nepal, Ethiopia, Ghana and Nicaragua.
- b) The development of a water, sanitation and hygiene marketing program in Ghana.

Throughout the year, the organization provided funding to IDE entities of \$3,159,550 (\$2,215,827 in 2021). As at December 31, 2022, a receivable of \$675,396 (\$133,960 in 2021) was due from IDE field offices, these amounts are non-interest bearing and have no terms of repayment.

8. Allocation of Expenses

Salaries and benefits totaling \$558,580 (\$398,580 in 2021) have been allocated between the various programs as follows:

	 2022	2021
General and administrative expenses Fundraising Public engagement and education International programs	\$ 96,682 112,233 37,525 312,140	\$ 96,645 65,629 17,226 219,080
	\$ 558,580	\$ 398,580

9. Related Parties Disclosures

The following table summarizes the organization's related party transactions for the year:

	 2022	2021
General and administrative expenses - Rent and utilities services received from a Director's 100% owned company.	\$ 30,041	\$ 29,286

These transactions are in the normal course of operations, measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount agreed upon by the two parties.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

9. Related Parties Disclosures (continued)

The amounts due (to) from related parties at year end are as follows:

	 2022	2021
Due from IDE - Ethiopia Due from iDEal	\$ - 27,218	\$ 190,482 11,158
Total	\$ 27,218	\$ 201,640
	 2022	2021
Due to IDE - US Due to IDE - Cambodia Due to IDE - Ethiopia Due to IDE - Mozambique Due to IDE - Nepal Due to IDE - Zambia	\$ 262,214 - - - - -	147,513 92,944 54,598 43,789 122,012 50,789
Total	\$ 262,214	\$ 511,645

IDE - US is an affiliated not-for-profit organization with similar purposes, goals and policies. The amount due to are a result of grant expenses paid by one organization on behalf of the other. There is no security or terms of repayment for these amounts.

iDEal - Nicaragua is an affiliated for profit organization. The amounts due from are advances made to assist with cash flow for the organization. There is no security or terms of repayment for these amounts.

For the year ended December 31, 2022

10. Financial Instrument Risk

The organization, through its financial assets and liabilities, is exposed to various risks in the normal course of operations. The organization's objective in risk management is to optimize the risk return trade-off, within set limits, by applying integrated risk management and control strategies, policies and procedures throughout the organization's activities. The following analysis provides a measurement of these risks at December 31, 2022.

(a) Credit Risk and Market Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the organization to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable, loan receivable and project advances. The organization limits its exposure to credit risk and market risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by investing in high quality investments.

(b) Foreign Exchange Risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The organization's maximum exposure to foreign exchange risk is summarized below:

	 2022	2021	
US Dollar - Cash	\$ 263,006	\$	65,663

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Financial instruments, which potentially subject the organization to interest risk, consist of long-term debt.

There have not been any changes in these risks from the prior year.

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Non-consolidated Supporting Schedules

For the year ended December 31	2022	2021
Detailed Schedule of Government Grants		
Global Affairs Canada Ghana HTTG Manitoba Council for International Cooperation	\$ 1,438,031 773,396 206,824	\$ 1,341,774 - 98,131
	\$ 2,418,251	\$ 1,439,905
Detailed Schedule of International Program Expenses		
Bangladesh Cambodia Ethiopia Ethiopia - HTTG Ghana Ghana - Rushing Ghana - Rushing Ghana - HTTG International support Mozambique Nepal Nicaragua United States United States - Rushing United States - HTTG Zambia Zambia - HTTG	\$ 171,200 - 14,607 135,744 64,344 1,191,533 125,569 647,212 46,467 178,254 23,228 19,995 92,423 128,851 19,754 300,369	\$ 92,944 54,598 10,500 1,248,445 402,295 43,789 286,647 25,820 - - 50,789 -
	\$ 3,159,550	\$ 2,215,827

IDE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ENTERPRISES ASSOCIATION INC. Global Affairs Canada (GAC) Schedules

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Schedule A - Summary Statement of Revenue

	_	GAC Funded	Non-GAC	Activities	Total
Government Revenue GAC NGO/ICD division Provincial government (MCIC)	\$	2,211,427 -	\$ - 206,824	\$:	\$ 2,211,427 206,824
Private Revenue Canadian matchable Interest income Project management fee		- 42,638 -	1,358,306 - -	- 9,678 29.664	1,358,306 52,316 29,664
Total revenue	\$	2,254,065	\$ 1,565,130	\$ 39,342	\$ 3,858,537

Schedule B - Restricted Funds Received But Not Disbursed by Year End

Liability and/or fund account(s) (1) deferred revenue Not disbursed by year end (3)			\$	2,749,457 2,749,457
Summary of total restricted funds received but not disbursed by year-end:				
	Previous Year		Current Year	
Global Affairs Canada Funds Other Contributions	\$	344,276 70,000	\$	2,749,457 -
Total restricted funds but not disbursed by year end (4)	\$	414,276	\$	2,749,457